

Virginia Administrative Code
Title 12. Health
Agency 5. Department Of Health
Chapter 481. Virginia Radiation Protection Regulations

Part VIII. Radiation Safety Requirements For Analytical X-Ray Equipment

Article 13. Reports

12VAC5-481-2090. Purpose and scope.

This part provides special requirements for analytical X-ray equipment. The requirements of this part are in addition to, and not in substitution for, applicable requirements in other parts of these regulations.

Statutory Authority

§ 32.1-229 of the Code of Virginia.

Historical Notes

Derived from Virginia Register Volume 22, Issue 25, eff. September 20, 2006.

12VAC5-481-2100. Equipment requirements.

A. Safety device. A device that prevents the entry of any portion of an individual's body into the primary X-ray beam path or that causes the beam to be shut off upon entry into its path shall be provided on all open-beam configurations. A registrant may apply to the agency for an exemption from the requirement of a safety device. Such application shall include:

1. A description of the various safety devices that have been evaluated;
2. The reason each of these devices cannot be used; and
3. A description of the alternative methods that will be employed to minimize the possibility of an accidental exposure, including procedures to assure that operators and others in the area will be informed of the absence of safety devices.

B. Warning devices.

1. Open-beam configurations shall be provided with a readily discernible indication of:
 - a. X-ray tube "on-off" status located near the radiation source housing, if the primary beam is controlled in this manner; and/or
 - b. Shutter "open-closed" status located near each port on the radiation source housing, if the primary beam is controlled in this manner.
2. An easily visible warning light labeled with the words "X-RAY ON," or words having a similar intent, shall be located:
 - a. Near any switch that energizes an X-ray tube and shall be illuminated only when the tube is energized; or
 - b. In the case of a radioactive source, near any switch that opens a housing shutter and shall be illuminated only when the shutter is open.
3. Warning devices shall be labeled so that their purpose is easily identified. On equipment installed after September 20, 2006, warning devices shall have fail-safe characteristics.

C. Ports. Unused ports on radiation source housings shall be secured in the closed position in a manner that will prevent casual opening.

D. Labeling. All analytical X-ray equipment shall be labeled with a readily discernible sign or signs bearing the radiation symbol and the words:

1. "CAUTION—HIGH INTENSITY X-RAY BEAM," or words having a similar intent, on the X-ray source housing; and
2. "CAUTION RADIATION—THIS EQUIPMENT PRODUCES RADIATION WHEN ENERGIZED," or words having a similar intent, near any switch that energizes an X-ray tube if the radiation source is an X-ray tube; or
3. "CAUTION—RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL", or words having a similar intent, on the source housing in accordance with 12VAC5-481-660 if the radiation source is a radionuclide.

E. Shutters. On open-beam configurations installed after September 20, 2006, each port on the radiation source housing shall be equipped with a shutter that cannot be opened unless a collimator or a coupling has been connected to the port.

F. Radiation source housing. Each radiation source housing shall be subject to the following requirements:

1. Each X-ray tube housing shall be equipped with an interlock that shuts off the tube if it is removed from the radiation source housing or if the housing is disassembled.
2. Each radioactive source housing or port cover or each X-ray tube housing shall be so constructed that, with all shutters closed, the radiation measured at a distance of five centimeters from its surface is not capable of producing a dose in excess of 2.5 millirems (0.025 mSv) in one hour. For systems utilizing X-ray tubes, this limit shall be met at any specified tube rating.

G. Generator cabinet. Each X-ray generator shall be supplied with a protective cabinet that limits leakage radiation measured at a distance of five centimeters from its surface such that it is not capable of producing a dose in excess of 0.25 millirem (2.5 μ Sv) in one hour.

Statutory Authority

§ 32.1-229 of the Code of Virginia.

Historical Notes

Derived from Virginia Register Volume 22, Issue 25, eff. September 20, 2006; amended, Virginia Register Volume 24, Issue 18, eff. June 12, 2008.

12VAC5-481-2110. Area requirements.

A. Radiation Levels. The local components of an analytical x-ray system shall be located and arranged and shall include sufficient shielding or access control such that no radiation levels exist in any area surrounding the local component group that could result in a dose to an individual present therein in excess of the dose limits given in 12VAC5-481-640. For systems utilizing x-ray tubes, these levels shall be met at any specified tube rating.

B. Surveys.

1. Radiation surveys, as required by 12VAC5-481-750, of all analytical x-ray systems sufficient to show compliance with 12VAC5-481-2440 A shall be performed:

- a. Upon installation of the equipment, and at least once every five years thereafter by or under the supervision of a private or state inspector who is physically present at the facility during the inspection in order to assure compliance with this chapter;
- b. Following any change in the initial arrangement, number, or type of local components in the system;
- c. Following any maintenance requiring the disassembly or removal of a local component in the system;
- d. During the performance of maintenance and alignment procedures if the procedures require the presence of a primary x-ray beam when any local component in the system is disassembled or removed;

- e. Any time a visual inspection of the local components in the system reveals an abnormal condition; and
- f. Whenever personnel monitoring devices show a significant increase over the previous monitoring period or the readings are approaching the limits specified in 12VAC5-481-630.

2. Radiation survey measurements shall not be required if a registrant (or licensee) can demonstrate compliance with subsection A of this section to the satisfaction of the agency.

C. Posting. Each area or room containing analytical x-ray equipment shall be conspicuously posted with a sign or signs bearing the radiation symbol and the words "CAUTION—X-RAY EQUIPMENT" or words having a similar intent in accordance with 12VAC5-481-660.

Statutory Authority

§ 32.1-229 of the Code of Virginia.

Historical Notes

Derived from Virginia Register Volume 22, Issue 25, eff. September 20, 2006; amended, Virginia Register Volume 31, Issue 24, eff. August 27, 2015.

12VAC5-481-2120. Operating requirements.

A. Procedures. Normal operating procedures shall be written and available to all analytical X-ray equipment workers. No individual shall be permitted to operate analytical X-ray equipment in any manner other than that specified in the procedures unless such individual has obtained written approval of the radiation safety officer.

B. Bypassing. No individual shall bypass a safety device or interlock unless such individual has obtained the approval of the radiation safety officer. Such approval shall be for a specified period of time. When a safety device or interlock has been bypassed, a readily discernible sign bearing the words "SAFETY DEVICE NOT WORKING", or words having a similar intent, shall be placed on the radiation source housing.

C. Repair or modification of X-ray tube systems. Except as specified in 12VAC5-481-2450 B, no operation involving removal of covers, shielding materials or tube housings or modifications to shutters, collimators, or beam stops shall be performed without ascertaining that the tube is off and will remain off until safe conditions have been restored. The main switch, rather than interlocks, shall be used for routine shutdown in preparation for repairs.

D. Radioactive source replacement, testing, or repair. Radioactive source housings shall be opened for source replacement, leak testing, or other maintenance or repair procedures only by individuals authorized to specifically conduct such procedures under a license issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, an agreement state, or a licensing state.

Statutory Authority

§ 32.1-229 of the Code of Virginia.

Historical Notes

Derived from Virginia Register Volume 22, Issue 25, eff. September 20, 2006.

12VAC5-481-2130. Personnel requirements.

A. Instruction. No individual shall be permitted to operate or maintain analytical X-ray equipment unless such individual has received instruction in and demonstrated competence as to:

1. Identification of radiation hazards associated with the use of the equipment;
2. Significance of the various radiation warning, safety devices, and interlocks incorporated into the equipment, or the reasons they have not been installed on certain pieces of equipment and the extra precautions required in such cases;
3. Proper operating procedures for the equipment;
4. Recognition of symptoms of an acute localized exposure; and

5. Proper procedures for reporting an actual or suspected exposure.

B. Personnel monitoring.

1. Finger or wrist dosimetric devices shall be provided to and shall be used by:

a. Analytical X-ray equipment workers using systems having an open-beam configuration and not equipped with a safety device; and

b. Personnel maintaining analytical X-ray equipment if the maintenance procedures require the presence of a primary X-ray beam when any local component in the analytical X-ray system is disassembled or removed.

2. Reported dose values shall not be used for the purpose of determining compliance with 12VAC5-481-630 of these regulations unless evaluated by a private inspector.

Statutory Authority

§ 32.1-229 of the Code of Virginia.

Historical Notes

Derived from Virginia Register Volume 22, Issue 25, eff. September 20, 2006.

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